## Pseudocode for InputService.c

This service takes analog inputs from potentiometer and accelerometers and convert the them into digital, the results of which are obtained by calling the query functions defined in this service from different services, which act upon these values.

## Data private to the module:

MyPriority
CurrentState
NewResult
Result
Converting// this is a flag to indicate that the AD conversion is in progress
Define query functions for:
RAO // left accelerometer $X$ value
RA3 // right accelerometer $X$ value
RA7 // tilt sensor for pairing
RB5 // for potentiometer team select

## Function : bool InitInputService(uint8_t Priority)

Save MyPriority in Priority
Set the ports and Pins for analog inputs
Initialise ADC hardware by setting ADCONO to $0 \times 01$ and ADCON1 to 0
Set the clock in ADCON1 by setting BIT5HI and BIT7HI for FOSC/32 //this is the conversion clock
Initialize the read_timer to read values from the analog inputs
Set CurrentState to Reading
Post ES_Init to itself
Function : bool PostInputService(ES_Event_t ThisEvent)
Return PostToService
Function : ES_Event_t RunInputService(ES_Event_t ThisEvent)
Set ReturnEvent to ES_NO_EVENT
If CurrentState is Reading: //reading is the only state in this state machine
If the event is ES_TIMEOUT and param is Read_Timer
If Converting_flag for RAO is off
Configure ADCONO for RAO
write blocking code for 7.6us
make Converting_flag for RAO as high
clear ADRESH and ADRESHL
set the Go/NotDone bit
write blocking code for 20us for conversion
endif

```
    if converting_flag for RAO is high //ready for read
    Initialize New_Result_RAO to 0
    Read ADRESH into upper }8\mathrm{ bits of New_Result
    Read ADRESL into Lower 8 bits of New_result
    Take average of Result and New_Result and save in Result //this
implements moving average of the result values
    Configure ADCONO for RA3
    //no need to write 7.6us blocking code after this as there are a
number of instructions. If response is slow (updating values slowly), add blocking code
    Set the Converting_Flag for RA3 as high
    Set the Go/Not Done bit to start conversion
    Write blocking code for 20 us for capacitor charging.
    endif
    if converting_flag for RA3 is high //ready for read
    Initialize New_Result_RA3 to 0
    Read ADRESH into upper }8\mathrm{ bits of New_Result
    Read ADRESL into Lower }8\mathrm{ bits of New_result
    Take average of Result and New_Result and save in Result //this
implements moving average of the result values
    Configure ADCONO for RA5
    //no need to write 7.6us blocking code after this as there are a
number of instructions. If response is slow (updating values slowly), add blocking code
    Set the Converting_Flag for RA7 as high
    Set the Go/Not Done bit to start conversion
    Write blocking code for 20 us for capacitor charging.
    endif
    if converting_flag for RA7 is high //ready for read
    Initialize New_Result_RA07to 0
    Read ADRESH into upper 8 bits of New_Result
    Read ADRESL into Lower 8 bits of New_result
    Take average of Result and New_Result and save in Result //this
implements moving average of the result values
    Configure ADCONO for RB5
    //no need to write 7.6us blocking code after this as there are a
number of instructions. If response is slow (updating values slowly), add blocking code
    Set the Converting_Flag for RB5 as high
    Set the Go/Not Done bit to start conversion
    Write blocking code for 20 us for capacitor charging.
endif
If Converting_flag for RB5 is 1
    Turn it flag off
    Read the result
    Take average and store in Result
Endif
```

Endif

If default state
Break

Function : uint16_t QueryRA0(void)// will be called by TransmitService Return Result_RAO

Function : uint16_t QueryRA3(void)// will be called by TransmitService Return Result_RA3

Function : uint16_t QueryRA7(void)// will be called by TransmitService Return Result_RA7

Function : uint16_t QueryRB5(void)// will be called by TransmitService Return Result_RB5

